**Basic play information**

The game developed in this project is solely based on PC attached with commodity VR set. For gameplay integrity, it is essential that any Oculus model be used, combined with dual motion controllers. For optimal runtime performance, the recommended hardware setup includes but is not limited to:

1. GPU: GTX 1070 or higher equivalent
2. RAM: 16GB or higher
3. CPU:  Intel Core i7 or higher equivalent
4. OS: Windows 10

The playing stance may be either standing or seated, while the latter is recommended. Players may apply any horizontal body orientation and rotate any time during play. Players may also move physically within safety capacity of VR guard zone (if configured properly).

For safety concern, players ever experiencing dizziness using VR set should play with caution, and should quit playing as soon as possible when experiencing such symptoms. In addition, the game content may cause (not limited to) following symptoms:

* Photosensitive epilepsy
* Acrophobia
* Claustrophobia
* Thalassophobia
* Megalophobia

Players with any diseases above should avoid playing the game.

The game is free of following contents:

* Strong language
* Violence
* Sex indication
* Use of drugs, tobacco or alcohol
* Thrill or occult phenomenon

**Player hierarchy**

The player character’s component hierarchy was inherited from UE4 VR template. The root component, as well as VR origin transform, represents center of playzone in reality. The camera attached to VR origin is mastered by VR head-mounted display, where player’s view is based. One pair of hands will be spawn at runtime and attached to VR origin, mastered by paired VR motion controllers. As is designed to imitate head stance, HUD is directly attached to camera to maintain relative transform with simplicity.

A mobile node is attached to VR origin. The node has its position and yaw imitating camera (i.e. HMD) while maintaining its relative pitch and roll. This particular design emphasizes player’s body position and orientation in reality, as reflected by the capsule collider attached to it.

**HUD**

Inspired by realistic head-up displays, HUD in the game simulates intuitive, minimalized holographic projection on the astronaut mask. As a feedback segment of human-computer interaction, the HUD provides visualized essential information on system state, including motion state, equipment status, and spatial awareness.

Similar to real-life HUD, pure green (#00BF00) was chosen as theme color of the HUD. Studies suggested that human eyes are most sensitive to green colors and are best at distinguishing among them. As possible adaptation to natural life, human eyes also appeared to be less exhausted staring at green than other colors.

content

An attempted was made in early development stage to deliver HUD as conventional widget, a summary of Unreal Engine 2D entities. The outcome appeared to be complete failure in visual deliverance, as HUD elements were rendered at zero depth of field (referred as DoF below) on solely left VR goggle. With reference to multiple sources, this phenomenon was explained due to following UE4 rendering logics:

1. Widgets in UE4 are always rendered at post-processing stage, implying they may never participate in 3D rendering.
2. The VR binoculus (double-eyed) displays were conventionally divided into 2 separate screens (one per VR lens), with screen UVs respectively mapped to U value of 0-1 on left screen and 1-2 on the right. (The similar behavior also applies to dual screen setup based on conventional displays.) The default post-processing material of widgets only renders to screen UV of 0-1, namely all contents are delivered on the leftmost display.

The principles above implies the incapability of 2D widgets on presenting HUD in VR mode. It is also suggested by the sources that all visual items must be rendered in 3D world to form focusable, stereo vision in head-mounted display.

The methodology was adopted in second attempt, where all HUD elements are projected on 3D surfaces with constant focal distance of approximately 60 meters, rendered occluding other world entities. This particular method, inspired by the game VTOL VR, eventually reached proposer’s expectation.

The rendering logics above were also flexibly utilized for presenting monocular (single-eyed) vision, inspired by early Apache Attack Helicopter’s monocular eyepiece. Phasmophobia, a thrill game, is also known for utilizing the mechanism for strengthening thrilling atmosphere. As a potential extension to human-computer interaction, players may choose to keep a single eye open to switch between HUD overlaid view and HUD-free view accordingly. Nonetheless, it is a notable fact that monocular displays are being gradually replaced by binoculus ones in military utility, as they are noticed for causing discomfort in binocular vision.

Jetpack is intended as primary approach player moves as an astronaut in the game. Similar to real-life astronaut jetpack, it provides 6 degree-of-freedom translational and rotation control by applying respectively linear and angular momentum to astronaut. In this game, differences are made where all controlling of the jetpack are assembled at a flight control stick located front left of player’s waist. This interaction model is supported by input set of Oculus motion controller, where sufficient inputs enabled rotation by rotating control stick, as well as locomotion using thumbsticks and buttons. The simplified interaction model also enabled one spare hand for complex tasks in the game.

Rotation control is simulated by rotation of motion controller, with controlling logic similar to real-life aircraft control sticks. Yaw, pitch and roll are mapped to corresponding rotation actions.

Input set while holding flight control stick:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Input | Action |
| Thumbstick Y | Move forward/backward |
| Thumbstick X | Move right/left |
| Y/B | Ascend |
| X/A | Descend |
| Trigger (axial) | Brake |
| Thumbstick press | Toggle rotation lock |

Grappling hook is intended as secondary approach that player maneuvers in environment. It performs function by pulling player towards any position it hits. During development, the functionality was expanded to locking on specific object and pulling it towards player.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Input | Action |
| Trigger | Fire |
| Y/B | Switch fire mode |